**Introduction**

Welcome to the seventh edition of Tumblr’s copyright and trademark transparency report, covering the number and nature of takedown requests we received from January through June of 2018.

Copyright disputes are complex affairs, so once again we’ll take some time to guide you, step-by-step, through the mechanics of a Digital Millennium Copyright Act takedown order. We made a flowchart and everything.

Enjoy.
How we handle copyright infringement notifications under the Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA)

A copyright holder, or their authorized representative, finds content on Tumblr that they believe violates their copyright.

The copyright holder or authorized representative sends Tumblr a DMCA notice.

Tumblr reviews the DMCA notice to determine if it is valid.

If...
- the user thinks that the content was removed in error, or can present a legal argument for why the content should remain up, they may file a counter-notice. Instructions for filing a counter-notice are sent to the user in the content removal email.

Tumblr determines if the counter-notice is valid.

Valid: Tumblr processes the notice, removes the specified content, and notifies the user who posted the content. The user may receive a strike against their account. After three valid strikes, their account is terminated.

Invalid: Tumblr determines the request is invalid and notifies the complainant.

Tumblr notifies the user that their counter-notice is invalid. The deleted content is not restored, and the strike remains on the user’s account.

After 10 days, the removed content is restored, and the strike is removed from the user’s account.

The user is now liable for the content they’ve posted. If the original complainant wishes to pursue recourse, they may sue the user for copyright infringement.

COUNTER NOTICE FILED
Overview of all DMCA notices received, January to June 2018

From January to June 2018, we received 9,187 DMCA notices and determined that 85.9% (7,888) were valid¹. In response to valid notices, Tumblr:

• Removed 63,472 pieces of content
• Removed 39,288 posts (0.0007% of posts on Tumblr)
• Terminated 1,072 accounts in accordance with our policy against repeat copyright infringement

Looking at copyright notices by content type (tracking with Tumblr’s post types):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Count (Percentage)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Photo</td>
<td>54,366 items (88%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text</td>
<td>3,074 items (5%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audio</td>
<td>1,287 items (2%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video</td>
<td>2,686 items (4%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Links</td>
<td>180 items (&lt; 1%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asks</td>
<td>76 items (&lt; 1%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quotes</td>
<td>19 items (&lt; 1%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chats</td>
<td>0 items</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additionally, 101 notices referred to either static blog pages or blog URLs (rather than post permalinks). In the latter case, the notice was ignored.

As a U.S. company, Tumblr requires that all copyright notices be submitted in accordance with the DMCA. When we receive non-compliant requests (including foreign requests), we ask the complainant to resubmit their request in accordance with the statute.

¹ Tumblr processes notices pursuant to the DMCA. Under the DMCA there are a number of conditions a complaining party must satisfy:

1. Identification of the work or material being infringed.
2. Identification of the material that is claimed to be infringing, including its location, with sufficient detail so that we are capable of finding it and verifying its existence.
3. Contact information for the notifying party, including name, address, telephone number, and email address.
4. A statement made under penalty of perjury that the information provided in the notice is accurate and that the complainant is authorized to make the complaint on behalf of the copyright owner.
5. A statement that the complainant has a good faith belief that the material is not authorized by the copyright owner, its agent or law.
6. The complainant’s physical or electronic signature.
Overview of all DMCA notices received, January to June 2018

Jan: 1,427 Notices, 86% content removed
- Accounts Affected: 1,377
- Posts Affected: 5,751
- Pieces of Content Affected: 10,268

Feb: 1,519 Notices, 87% content removed
- Accounts Affected: 1,672
- Posts Affected: 5,688
- Pieces of Content Affected: 9,161

March: 1,509 Notices, 84% content removed
- Accounts Affected: 1,215
- Posts Affected: 5,167
- Pieces of Content Affected: 9,263

April: 1,583 Notices, 87% content removed
- Accounts Affected: 1,613
- Posts Affected: 8,158
- Pieces of Content Affected: 12,346

May: 1,597 Notices, 86% content removed
- Accounts Affected: 1,839
- Posts Affected: 8,475
- Pieces of Content Affected: 12,807

Jun: 1,552 Notices, 84% content removed
- Accounts Affected: 1,439
- Posts Affected: 6,049
- Pieces of Content Affected: 9,627
Overview of all DMCA counter-notices received, January to June 2018

From January to June 2018, we received a total of 15 valid² counter-notices from users requesting the restoration of content that had been removed pursuant to a DMCA takedown notice. This affected a total of 14 accounts and resulted in the restoration of 27 posts. Of the 39,288 posts that were removed pursuant to a takedown notice, 0.0007% were restored using the counter-notice process.

² In accordance with the statute, a valid counter-notice must contain:

- The user’s physical or electronic signature
- The user’s name, address, and phone number
- Identification of the material and its location before it was removed
- A statement under penalty of perjury that the material was removed by mistake or misidentification
- The user’s consent to the jurisdiction of a federal court in the district where the user lives (or the federal district court located in New York County, New York, if the user lives outside of the U.S.)
- The user’s consent to accept service of process from the party who submitted the takedown notice

In addition to the statutory requirements, we sometimes ask for the legal or factual basis for filing the counter-notification
Handling trademark issues (either potential infringement or instances of confusion) is complex, especially for neutral platforms like Tumblr, and consequently requires additional analysis as compared to copyright infringement. We first require documentation of a live federal or international trademark registration—often the name of a business or brand or its logo.³ We then look at a variety of factors to determine if reported content or a URL is misleading to users or causes confusion, and what action to take in these cases. Among them:

- How the reported term is being used
- Content found on the blog
- The registered goods and services
- Landscape of similar marks related to the reported term
- When the reported term was first used

³ In rare cases we make exceptions to this requirement, such as when a name or phrase is exceptionally distinctive or famous.
Based on our findings, we may prescribe one or more of the following actions:

• If a user is using a misleading URL, we may require them to change it. We notify the URL holder and give them an opportunity to change the URL on their own before we change the URL to something generic on their behalf.

• Alternatively, we may request that a user include a disclaimer on their blog.

• Sometimes, we remove specific posts that are using a term to create confusion. Like all content takedowns on the site, we always notify the user when we remove any of their content, and include as much information as possible regarding the claim made against their post.

From January to June 2018, we received a total of 124 trademark complaints relating to 115 accounts on Tumblr. Of those 115 accounts, 92 accounts (80%) were terminated, 22 accounts (19%) were required to modify their blog URLs and content was removed from one account.
Possible Emerging Trends

In the course of comparing our numbers from this period (January to June 2018) to those from previous periods, we noticed the following trends:

- We received slightly fewer DMCA takedown notices over this period, however the percentage that were valid remained relatively steady.

- DMCA takedowns for audio content continue to decrease.

- DMCA takedowns for text content have increased from 1,658 in the last reporting period to 3,074 in this reporting period.

- The number of accounts terminated in accordance with our policy against repeat copyright infringement decreased in this reporting period.

- We have seen a decrease in the number of counter-notices that we have received from users requesting the restoration of content that had been removed pursuant to a DMCA takedown notice.

- We have seen an increase in the number of trademark complaints over the past reporting period.

We’ve now come to the end of our seventh copyright and trademark transparency report. If you enjoyed it, we encourage you to explore our archives and dive as deeply into these numbers as you like.